

A black and white photograph showing a group of soldiers in a trench. The soldiers are wearing heavy, dark winter coats and hats. They are positioned in a line, looking towards the right side of the frame. The trench is dug into the ground, and there are some wooden planks or structures visible in the background. The overall scene is somber and depicts the harsh conditions of war.

# WWII

## By Eoghan Campbell

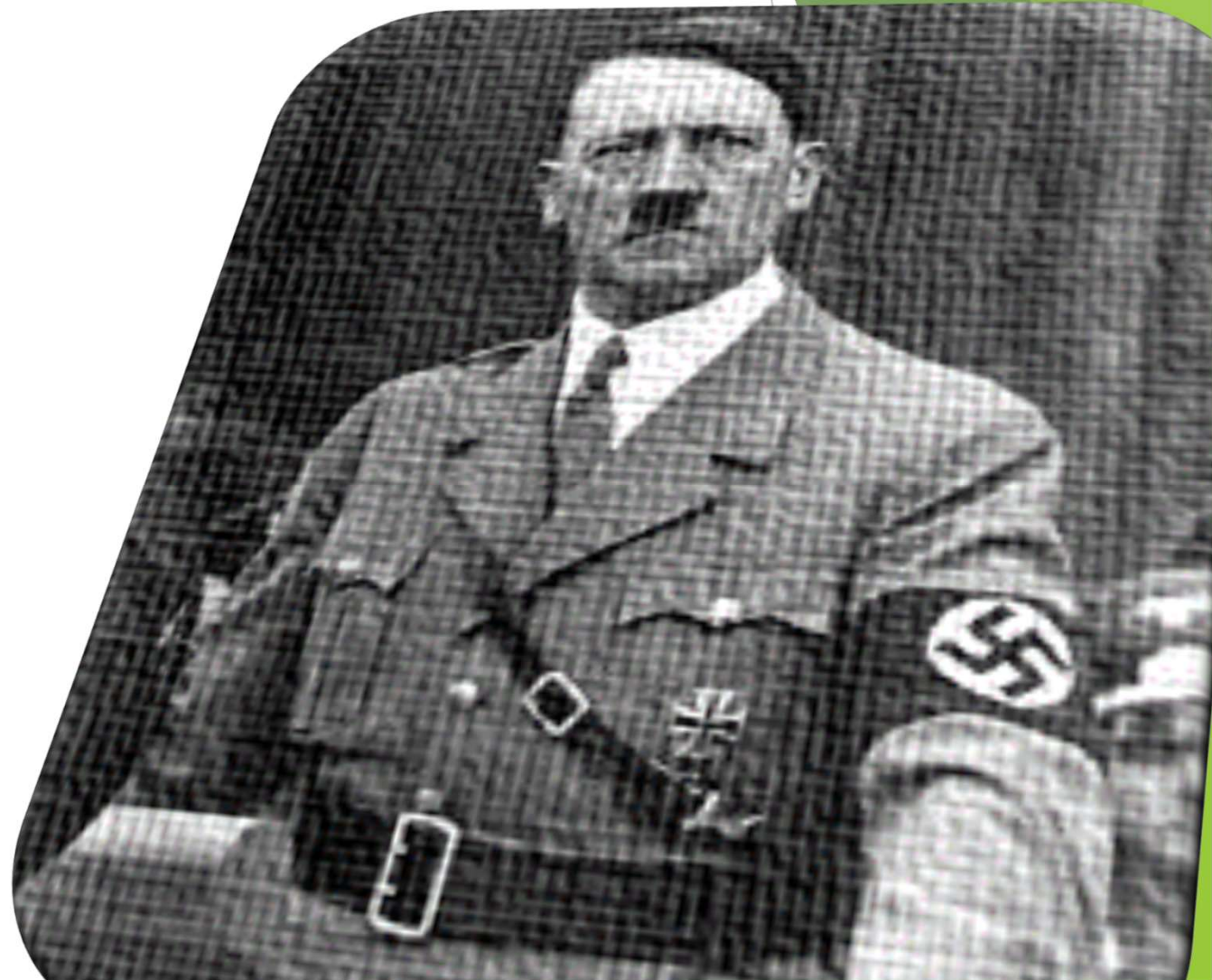
# How it started

- ▶ Hitler had been a soldier in WWI but when Germany had to reduce its military he was no longer permitted to be a soldier
- ▶ He started a dictatorship with him as the leader and as Italy and Japan had the same enemies they formed the Axis powers
- ▶ Hitlers aim was to increase the population of Aryan Germans
- ▶ Hitler took Austria and demanded to be given part of Czechoslovakia
- ▶ He was given it after he signed a piece of paper saying he would not invade the rest of Czechoslovakia - soon he invaded the rest of Czechoslovakia
- ▶ Hitler made an alliance with the Soviets
- ▶ After Hitler and the Soviets invaded Poland then the Allies declared war on Germany

# Hitlers Plan

Hitlers plan for Germany was to:

- ▶ Take over France
- ▶ Force the British to surrender
- ▶ Turn on the Soviets
- ▶ Win the war



# Mussolini's plan

Mussolini's plan for Italy was to:

- ▶ Overthrow European monarchy
- ▶ Rebuild the Roman Empire
- ▶ And to gain land they thought they would have got after winning WWI



# Stalin's plan

Stalin's Plan for the Soviet Union was to:

- ▶ Ensure safety of the Soviet Union
- ▶ The expansion of communism beyond the Soviet Union
- ▶ Secure his position in world affairs
- ▶ Create a Soviet Empire



# Roosevelts plan

Roosevelts Plan for the USA was to :

► Fight for the four freedom' s

1. Freedom of speech
2. Freedom of worship
3. Freedom from want
4. Freedom from fear



# Churchill's Plan

Churchill's plan for the UK was to :

- ▶ Defend Great Britain
- ▶ Defend all of the British colonies
- ▶ Maintain Britain's wealthy economy



# Key events in World War II

- ▶ Battle of Dunkirk 26/5/1940 - 4/6/1940
- ▶ Pearl Harbour is bombed 7/12/1941
- ▶ The Battle of Stalingrad 17/7/1942-2/2/1943
- ▶ Italy surrender 25/7/1943
- ▶ The V1 is fired 1/26/1944
- ▶ Hitler kills his wife and dog then himself 30/4/1945
- ▶ V.E-day 8/5/1945
- ▶ The Atomic Bomb [Japan surrenders the war is over] 6/8/1945

# The Aftermath [Germany]

After the second World War Germany was split in two, West Germany was controlled by the Allies and East Germany was controlled by the Soviets.

The Soviets built a wall to keep the East Berliners separated from the West Berliners. Families were even separated and not allowed cross over to visit each other, until the reunited Germans eventually tore down the wall in 1989.

It took a long time for Germany to rebuild it's economy and strong position in Europe.



# The Aftermath [Italy]

Italy got rid of the monarchy and formed a republic. Most of its colonies were lost and shared out among the Allies.

King Victor Emmanuel III resigned after he ordered the killing of Mussolini. The Fascists were removed from society.

A civil war followed which destroyed the country even further. The Christian Democratic party took over leadership of the country for many years afterwards.



# The Aftermath [Russia]



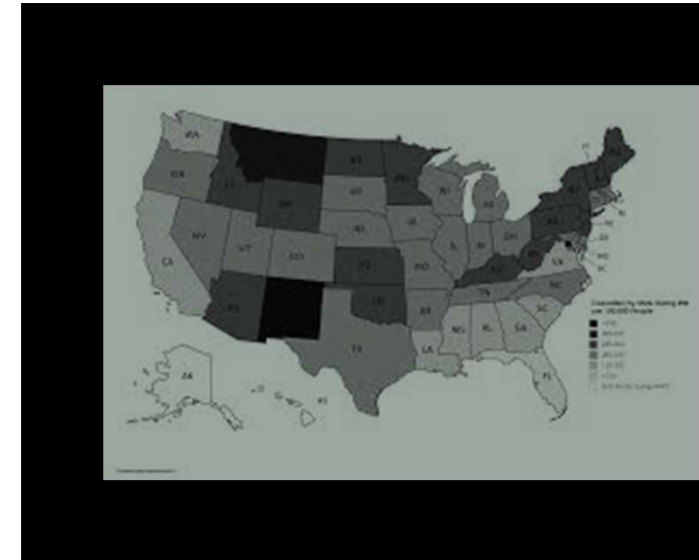
27 million Soviets were killed in the war which was the most people lost of any country. The country also lost a quarter of its resources and its economy was destroyed.

On the other hand they still had control over Poland, Bulgaria, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Romania, Albania and East Germany for many years afterwards.

# The Aftermath [USA]

The United States of America's economy boomed and was what they needed to recover from The Great Depression. Before the war unemployment rate was at approximately 25% but after WWII it dropped to 15% as factories were made and people began working in these factories, more men were sent to Europe so women took over what was traditionally considered men's jobs - making weapons and equipment and supplies during the war.

The USA had turned war into a business and their economy was above average for the first time since Wall Street crash in 1929



# The Aftermath [Great Britain]



After spending a lot on warfare and now having to rebuild the devastated country, Great Britain owed people money that they just did not have. Britain was bankrupt.

They had built up great munitions factories and industries that were now redundant and people unemployed.

The Marshall Plan (aid from USA) gave them some relief and rationing stopped.

# The End

“Never have so many  
owed so much  
to so few”

